NEWS CONDENSED.

Concise Record of the Week.

EASTERN.

It is reported that English detectives have unearthed in Westmoreland (ounty, Pa., a dynamite secret society which is responsible for the recent explosions in Lon-

It is reported that the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania are about to build a hospital for dogs, horses, cows, and other domestic animals. A Philadelphia woman will endow a department for cats.

Opdyke & Co., the New York bankers who failed recently, will pay 100 cents on

President-elect Cleveland last week returned from Albany to Buffalo. He was alone, but was met at the Buffalo station by his partner, Mr. Bissell, and a few other members of the Buffalo bar. He dodged the crowd and was driven to the City Club.

Cyrus W. Field has returned to subscribers the amounts which were collected for General Grant's benefit.

A residence is to be built at Great Barcington, Mass., by the widow of Mark Hopkins, the estimated cost of which is \$5,-000,006. One thousand men will be employed three years in building it.

A syndicate formed by the Lake Superior copper mining companies to prevent unprofitable competition was declared subversive of public policy by the New York Supreme Court, and an injunction restraining the Quincy Company, a member of the organization, from making sales in violation of agreement, was dissolved.

A human skull, with a tag attached bearing the words "A. T. Stewart," was found on the grounds of a private residence at Hoboken, N. J.

A train on the Long Island Road was wrecked near Farmingdale by striking a switch which had been purposely misplaced. Engineer Burtsell was killed and Fireman Dotzell was fatally scalded.

The Mayor of Dover, N. H., notified the Salvation Army that it must not parade with music. Captain Thompson defles all earthly power, and has sent to Maine for soldiers. The Mayor has given the police a quiet bint that some funerals are desirable.

T. W. Clark, member of a banking frm in Boston, is missing, and is supposed to be sojourning across the border. His shortages are placed at about \$13,000.

In a row in O'Donovan Rossa's office at New York, Richard Short, a butcher employed at the Chicago Stock Yards, fatally stabbed Thomas Phelan, who is said to be Superintendent of the Kansas City Workhouse. Before being taken to the hospital Phelan fired two shots at Short, wounding him in the thigh.

WESTERN.

The children of General William S. promiment of a receiver for the property of the family, the Connecticut Life Insurance Company having threatened to foreclose a mortgage for \$300,000. The estate involved is estimated to be worth \$1,200,000.

David E. Swan, the defaulting mitting a forgery and embezzling \$51,000 of Sutton's Bay, Mich. The ex-cashier was duced fare with the railroads, living under an assumed name, had been elected Prosecuting Attorney of the county, and was teaching Sunday-school.

A Mexican lion has been committing depredations in the neighborhood of Hazleton, Ind.

Louis Schott, a wholesale notiondealer in Chicago, whose liabilities are \$40,000, has made an assignment.

The family of John Faren, at Youngstown. Ohio, have been found to be afflicted with pork parasites, and but slight hopes are entertained of their recovery.

Mrs. Funston, residing near Galena. Illinois, was stricken with paralysis while buttoning a child's shoe. She speedily recovered, with the exception of her tongue, which she is unable to use in conversation.

There were 26,133 marriages in Ohio last year, 65,066 births, 1,739 divorces, and 24,864 dea hs.

High warm winds have dissipated the snow on the Wyoming ranges, and cattle are now reported in a satisfactory condi-

Angus (Iowa) dispatch: "The striking miners started a riot here, and drove all the miners at work out of town, beating and kicking them badly. One man at Keystone Mine No. 2 defended himself and was killed, and six others are reported seriously wounded."

Seven persons were frozen to death in the mountainous regions of Oregon during the recent cold weather.

The commissioners sent from Washington to the Central and South American States in the interest of commerce, report to the President that there should be regular direct communication by steam, and reciprocal concessions in tariff duties. The recommendation is made that the Government establish an executive department, similar to the Board of Trade in England, to have the management of our foreign commerce.

Sioux City telegram: "Mr. Summerville returned from a hunt southwest of Valentine, Neb., and reports that four hunters perished in the storm of the 30th ult., between Johnstown and the Dismal River branch of the Middle Loup. A man who arrived here from Running Water brings news confirming the report of the freezing to death of seven men on the Niobrara River road, in Nebraska. Two of them were found sitting in a buggy, frozen stiff, the horse having reached a station with his silent drivers."

The extensive iron works of Stovering & Fleming, on the flats at Cleveland.

were destroyed by fire. The Denver Chamber of Commerce invites all friendly to the unlimited coinage of silver to meet in national convention in

Sioux City, Iowa - was visited by a structive configuration. Two blocks, em- of James Moynahan as presiding

Eleven persons drank coffee at the Mr. Van Fossen of East Liverpool, Ohio. Mr. Van Fossen died, and a dozen others were rendered dangerously ill. A chage of rat-poison was found at the botom of the coffee-pot.

The convention of the Ohio coal miners indersed Gov. Hoadly's policy in not calling out troops to be sent into the Hocking Valley.

SOUTHERN.

An earthquake shock was felt in the southern portion of Frederick County,

Maryland. Willie Phillips and his cousin, both 15 years old, went hunting at Buckhannon. W. Va. Willie killed his comrade by accident, and then committed suicide.

A Baltimore journal shows that during the past year there were organized in the Southern States no less than 1,865 manufacturing enterprises, with an aggregate capital of \$105,000,000.

A number of Kentneky cattle recently exposed to pleuro-pneumonia have been shipped to Texas through the negligence of a Government inspector.

A human jawbone of great size, full of sound teeth, and other human benes were found at a depth of sixty feet in a limestone quarry near Centersyille, Ga.

Mrs. Myra Clark Gaines, the famous litigant, died in New Orleans, last week, aged 80.

WASHINGTON.

Secretary McCulloch believes the business depression has touched bottom. A special dispatch from Washington to the Chicago Tribune says:

"Secretary McCulloch states that he has been misrepresented in reference to the business depression. The Secretary says he has not expressed the opinion that greater depression is to be expected. On the contrary, he thinks that every indication points to better times unless Congress is guilty of some grave error. In reference to the revenues, he does not think that the increase of the debt in November and December can be repeated. The revenues for January will be greater than for either of the preceding months, and February will doubtless show a more pronounced improvement. The change for the better in the revenues, as in the business of the country, will be very gradual, and will probably date from the 1st of January, when the depression reached its worst. The agitation of the silver question, and long delay and uncertainty as to the cours to be pursued, would lead to a hearding of gold that would soon make its ill effects very ap-

About 300 bills that have passed the Senate still remain in the House unvoted

Col. Pike, one of the attorneys who are engaged in the effort to break up the system of leasing Indian lands, says that it will be shown during the progress of the investion before the Senate Indian Affairs Committee that the Interior Department at Washington was in the ring, that a regular gang was formed, that all competion was shut out, and that the leases were fraudulently issued.

Statistics of the year confirm the expectation of the Postoffice Department concerning the effect of the reduction in letter Harney have begun suit at St. Louis for the postage and indicate that the service will soon be on a paying basis. One result of the reduction has been a large decrease in the use of postal-cards.

The committee on Inauguration, says a Washington dispatch, expect 100,000 people in the city March 4. Col. L. P. Wright of cashier of the Northern Pacific Road, who Chicago is Chairman of the Committee on ran away from St. Paul, Minn., after com- Public Comfort. He has already been compelled to visit Alexandria in search of quarthe company's money, has been captured at ters. Arrangements are to be made for re-

> But little progress seems to have been made by the Senate committee in its investigation of the leases of Indian lands. Senators Vest and Ingalls appear to have lost interest in the matter.

Congressmen manifest a disposition to settle the Oklahoma question finally, either by opening the country or by adopting some effective measures to keep people from going there. A party of Senators called upon President Arthur the other day to obtain his views upon the subject. Mr. Arthur said that, in his opinion, it was right that intruders should be kept our of the Indian country by force of arms if necessary. Oklahoma was a small tract of a few hundred thousand acres, surrounded on all sides by Indian reservations. There was no civil haw there, and collisions would almost inevitably occur between the Indians and whites. If the tract was to be opened to settlement the way should be prepared by the enactment of proper laws.

POLITICAL.

A Congressional committee, headed by Wm. M. Springer, commenced at Cincinnati on the 5th inst., an investigation into the acts of Marshal Wright in the October election. The accused was the first witness, and testified that he appointed thirteen hundred deputies, all of whom were Republicans, and armed with buildog revolvers, six hundred of these weapons being sent him from New York, he supposed by the Republican National Committee.

Judge Lochrane, a Georgia Republican, who recently spent some hours with the President-elect, predicts that the new administration will liberalize and nationalize the South, and that Cleveland will not only carry with him the Democracy of the country, but receive large accessions from the

financial and commercial classes. The Nebraska Legislature convened on the 6th inst. The Hon. Church Howe was elected President of the Senate and the Hon. A. W. Field Speaker of the House.

A large number of State Legislatures convened during the week. At Albany the New York Assembly organized by electing George Z. Erwin, the Republican nominee, for Speaker. Gov. Cleveland sent in his resignation, Lieut. Gov. Hill becoming Governor. The Nebraska Legislature convened at Lincoln. Church Howe was elected President of the Senate and A. W. Field Speaker of the House. At Lansing, the Michigan Senate elected T. R. Belknap President pro tem. The House chose Newcomb Clark as Speaker. Six colored men from Detroit were appointed assistant faultors. Or ganization of the Massachusetts Legislature was effected by the selection of Mr. Pillsbury as President of the Scuate, and J. Q. A. Brackett as Speaker. The Colorado Legislature organized at Denver by the sele

was chosen Speaker of the Conn House. B. T. Boykin was elected Pr of the North Carolina Sonate, and T M. Holt was called to the Speaker's chair to the House. In the Maine Legislature, William P. Pennell was chosen to preside over Senate and Charles Hamilo was intrusted with the Speaker's gavel. Legislatures of Pennsylvania Indiana, Illinois, Misssouri, Ohio, and Minnesota also met and organized. The Governor of Ohio in his message, renews his recommendation that in Presidential years the election of State and county officers be held in November. At St. Paul, the message of the Governor of Minnesota was listened toby Alexander Ramsey, a Territorial Governor, and General Sibley, the first person

elected Governor of that rising State. Chairman Barnum of the National Democratic Committee says that Mr. Whitney of New York can have any place he wants in Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet.

Gen. Jackson's day was celebrated by Democratic banquets at Washington, Boston, Columbus, and Des Moines.

At a meeting of the National Committee of the Prohibition party in New York resolutions were adopted thanking St. John and Taniel for their "able services, rendered without compensation." The attacks upon St. John's character were condemned.

The Legislature of Connecticut balloted for State officers, electing the Ropblican nominees of November, headed by Henry B. Harrison for Governor.

The Democrats of the Missouri Legislature in cancus at Jefferson City nominated George G. Vest for re-election as United States Senator without opposition.

A caucus of Republicans in the Nevada Legislature nominated the Hon. John P. Jones for re-election to the United States Senate.

A negro in Franklin County, Mississippl, blew out the brains of one of a party of buildozers who came to maltreat him, and the Coroner's jury declared that it was justifiable homicide.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A peep into Grover Cleveland's etter-bags has been granted to an Albany correspondent. Nearly one hundred parents have notified the President-elect that babies have received his name, to each of whom a photograph was inclosed. One pasteboard box is filled with enthusiastic political poems. A lady school teacher in Michi an regularly sends carnest advice, in scholarly sentences. Three letters from Washington threaten assassination, and there are several cautionary epistles from Democratic friends. A petition for an Illinois postoffice was addressed to "His Maj-

For rifling Lieutenant Greely's private papers, Sergeant Holtnorth has been reduced to the ranks in the signal service, and will probably be dismissed.

There were 448 failures in the United States reported to Brads'rest's during the week, against 366 in the preceding week, and 345, 342, and 203 in the corresponding weeks of 1884, 1883, and 1882, respectively. About eject the whisky-drinkers. 81 per cent, were those of small traders whose capital was less than \$5,000. In the ural implements, 32; dry-goods, 29; cloth ing, 29; jewelry, 20; shoes, 20; liquors, 19; furniture, 15; fancy goods, 13; grain and millers, 13; bakers and confectioners, 12; drugs, 12; paper, books, printers, etc., 12; manufacturers, 9; produce and provisions, 9; crockery, 8; tobacco and cigars, 7; carringes and wagons, 6; hotels and restaurants, 6; men's furnishing goods, 5; hats, 5; lumber, 5; millinery, 5; music and instruments, 4; harness, 4; banks, 3; coal, 3.

Special telegrams to Bradstreet's from leading business centers throughout the United States contain, in many instances, evidence of an improved feeling in commercial circles. There is little, if any basis, for this, so far as learned, and it is undoubtedly due to the advance in the price of wheat, which now appears to have shown sufficient strength to prevent reaction to the point where the rush upward began. The starting of fron-works at several cities has also stimulated a better feeling. The dry-goods market at the larger distributing centers is firmly held, and there is some activity reported. The general situation is still far far from satisfactory, although renewed purchases in a few lines suggest to those most interested the likelihood of a material improvement in the spring demand.

The Diaz administration has swept the unpopular stamp law off the statute books of Mexico. Retail dealers can new draw their wallets and pay taxes a year in advance on the estimated amount of their

Lack of confidence in the commercial houses of Buenos Ayres brought about a demand for drafts on Europe which could not be filled by the banks, and a run ensued which has paralyzed general business.

FOREIGN.

About three thousand Parisians attended the funeral of the mother of Louise Michel. Among them was Henri Rochefort, whose attempt to make a socialistic demon stration proved a failure.

A British protectorate is reported to have been established over the whole of Pondeland, South Africa.

Germany is working for control of the railroads to be constructed in China, for which it offers the engineers, material, and money required.

A party of Moplah fanatics intrenched themselves in a temple near Calleut, in the Malabar district of India, and defled the local authorities. British troops which were called to dislodge them found it necessary to explode the gates. The fanatics offered a desperate resistance, and nine of them were killed before the insurrection was quelled.

The cable chronicles the death of Rt. Rev. John Jackson, D. D., Bishop of London, and Prince Adolph Wilhelm Daniel Apersperg, the Austrian statesman.

Prince Albert Victor, the elder son of the Prince of Wales, came of age on the 8th inst. The occasion was celebrated in England with great rejoicings. Mme. Clovis-Hugues, on trial for the

past month in Paris for the murder of Morin, her traducer, was acquitted. Two brothers, Norbert and Charlers

Balleuch, officers of the Paris police, forced an entrance into the editorial rooms of the Ori du Peuple, armed with swords, and attack-

with a revolver, shooting one of the broth

Henry Turner & Co., calico-printers. of Manchester, and Walter Townend & Co., worked spinners, of Bradford, have failed, the former for £75,000 and the latter for

The American delegates to the Congo Conference at Berlin have declared that the United States has no intention of assuming responsibility for the execution of the resolutions of the conference.

LATER NEWS ITEMS.

The Secretary of War will not order court-martial for the trial of Lieut Garfinston on the charges preferred by Gen-

The Texas Congressional delegation are asking for an appropriation of \$7,000,000 or the Galveston barbor, which they propose to improve under the plan submitted by Capt. Ends.

According to the annual estimate made by Director Burchard of the United States Mint the total amount of gold coin in circulation in the United States is \$563,213,-573. The total amount of silver coin is \$264,-101,619. The total net increase of silver and gold coin is estimated at \$13,296,764. The amount of gold used in the arts is placed at

An effort will be made by the Executive Committee on Improvement of Western Waters to induce Congress to appropriate \$5,000,000 for the Mississippi River instead of the less than \$3,000,000 proposed. The committee consists of representatives of various commercial organizations interested in the improvement of Western wnterways.

The latest report regarding Gen. Grant is that he is suffering from a swelling of the tongue that threatens to develop into a cancer. It will be remembered that the late Senator Hill, of Georgia, suffered from this terrible malady.

W. H. Vanderbilt, having yielded to the request of Gen. Grant, bought in all the real estate, war relies and works of art mortgaged to him by the General, and presented the entire list to Mrs. Grant, with the condition that on the death of the General all articles of bistorical value shall become the property of the nation, to be in preservation at Washington.

Orders have been issued by the British Government for the immediate construction of six new cruisers.

A messenger reached Khartoum Dec. 27 with a letter from Worseley to Gordon, but on the return trip was captured and robbed of all his papers except a note announcing the safety of the garrison.

An amusing counter-demonstration was made in Dublin at a meeting held to advocate the closing of public houses Sunday. A considerable number of those present were opposed to Sunday closing. These persons were all provided with pocket whisky-flasks, and, while applauding each point made by the speakers, raised the flasks repeatedly to their lips. The moral conveyed was that the closing of the public houses would lead to private tippling. The constables refused to

THE naval appropriation bill, amounting principal trades they were as follows; General to \$6,120,165, reported by the Appropriation stores, 74; grocers, 52; hardware and agricult- Committee, making provision for the six months ding Ju then went into commistee of the whole on the consular and dialomatic appropriations bill. Mr. Townshend, in brief remarks upon the consular service, attributed the present business depression to overproduction and favored the opening up of the markets of southern pations to ing up of the markets of southern nations to the surplus production of this country. These markets could be secured by the formation of commercial alliances with those nations which would give the manufactures of the United States an advantage over the manufactures of Europe. an advantage over the manufactures of Europe. From the similarity of their institutions to those of the United States, if they could be disabused of the idea that the United States wanted to conquer their political sovereignties, the countries of Central and South America would join with us in seeking to build up the welfare of the American continent and develop its resources. Mr. Robinson, of New York, said the pending measure was one to enable Americans abroad to make fools of themselves and forget their Americanism. He was opposed to appropriating money was one to enable Americans abroad to make fools of themselves and forget their Americanism. He was opposed to appropriating money to pamper a lot of incurable snobs. There was no use for American Ministers abroad except to degrade their Government. He did not want a Democratic snob to succeed the Republican snob (Lowell). Let Dr. Burchard be appointed to succeed Lowell. He was a man to express ideas, and a fair representative of democratic Americanism. The wonderful speech of Mr. Burchard had not turned a single vote from Blaine to Cleveland. In the course of his Congressional career he had said many things which had been called foolish by the snobs and dudes that ran the American press, but all his actions had been prompted by love for American institutions. It would always be his pride and pleasure to be able to state to his children and his children's children that while a member of the House he had stood up for American principles against the contaminating infinement of feeding activators. American principles against the contaminating influence of foreign aristocracy.

THE MARKETS. NEW YORK.

HOGS 4.75 @ 5.50 FLOUR-Extra...... 5.25 @ 6.00

	1252	696 7250	
Conn-No. 2	.53	(6) .54	- 11
OATK-White	.38	66 .41	-4
OATS-White FORK-New Mess. CHICAGO.	19.75	et13.25	-1
PORK-New Mess.	17.10	fero zo	- 10
CHICAGO.	2020	200	- 10
BERVES Choice to Prime Steers.	6.75	@ 7.25	-10
Good Shipping	5.50	64 6.00	- 11
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Common to Fair	4.00	BH 47.10	-
Hogs	4,50	tu 5.00	-11
PLOUR -Fancy Red Winter Ex	4.00	85 4.50	- 6
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FLOUR -Fancy Red Winter Ex. Prime to Choice Spring. WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.	600	60 .81	-1.
	MG	69 104	-10
No. 2 Red Winter	80 ,86	66 .82	- 10
Conv-No. 2	.36	65 .37	- 10
OATS-No. 2	.23	@ .27	-1/
UALE NO A	.55	68 .56	-
RYE-No. 2	.00		-1
BARLEY-No. 2	.60	6 .62	- 1
BUTTER-Choice Creamery	.28	0E .30	-46
Fine Dairy	.18	(0 .25	
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CHEESE-Full Cream.	12.0	65 .13 60 .09½	- 1
CHEESE-Full Cream	.08		
Eggs-Fresh	.99	CB .23	1
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POTATORS—New, per bu	11.75	Se 10 05	- 4
PORK-Mess.	22(10)	144	- 40
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TOLEDO.			-10
WREAT-No. 2 Red.	.79	60 .81	- 10
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CORN—Mixed OATS - Mixed OATS - Mixed RTE PORK - Mess CINCINNATI WHEAT - No. 2 Red COEN OATS - Mixed POSE - Mess LARD DETROIT FLOUR WHEAT - No. 1 White CORN - Mixed OATS - No. 2 White PORK - Family INDIANAPOLIS	.35 .27 .50 12.25 .84 .41 .41 12.25 .06 .87 .41 .32 12.00	65 .28 .66 .61 .65 .65 .65 .65 .63 .67 .67 .67 .67 .69 .67 .65 .69 .69 .69 .69 .69 .69 .69 .69 .69 .69	
CORN—Mixed OATS - Mixed OATS - Mixed RTE PORK - Mess CINCINNATI WHEAT - No. 2 Red COEN OATS - Mixed POSE - Mess LARD DETROIT FLOUR WHEAT - No. 1 White CORN - Mixed OATS - No. 2 White PORK - Family INDIANAPOLIS	.35 .27 .50 12.25 .84 .41 .41 12.25 .06 .87 .41 .32 12.00	65 .28 .66 .61 .65 .65 .65 .65 .63 .67 .67 .67 .67 .69 .67 .65 .69 .69 .69 .69 .69 .69 .69 .69 .69 .69	
CORN—Mixed OATS—Mixed RYE PORK—Mess CINCINNATI WHEAT—No. 2 Red COEN. OATS—Mixed POSE—Mess LAED DETROIT. FLOUB WHEAT—No. 1 White COEN—Mixed OATS—No. 2 White POEK—Family WHEAT—No. 2 Red, New COEN—Mixed OATS—Mixed OATS—Mixed	.35 .27 .50 12.25 .84 .41 .41 12.25 .06 .87 .41 .32 12.00 .80 .37 .27	65 .28 .86 .85 .43 .67 .87 .67 .89 .67 .89 .43 .61 .2.75 .65 .89 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .89 .65 .89 .65 .89 .65 .89 .65 .89 .65 .89	
CORN—Mixed OATS—Mixed. RYE. PORK—Mess. CINCINNATI. WHEAT—No. 2 Red. COEN. OATS—Mixed. POSE. LARD. DETROIT. FLOUR. WHEAT—No. 1 White. CORN—Mixed. OATS—No. 2 White.	.35 .27 .50 12.25 .84 .41 .41 12.25 .06 .87 .41 .32 12.00 .80 .37	65 .28 .86 .85 .43 .67 .87 .67 .89 .67 .89 .43 .61 .2.75 .65 .89 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .43 .65 .89 .65 .89 .65 .89 .65 .89 .65 .89 .65 .89	

CONGRESS.

What is Being Done by the National Legislature.

Congress reassembled after the holiday cess on Monday, the 5th inst, and both ness began work in earnest. In the Senate s bill was offered by Mr. Beck to create a revenue commission, comprising the Secretary of the Treasury, three Senators, and five members of the House of Represent tives to report necessary changes in the tariff and internal revenue laws. A resolution was introduced and referred exceeding the thanks of Congress to the officers and crews of the Greely relief expedition. A communication was received from the Secretary of War, to the effect that the Government can purchase the Portage Lake Canal, clear of liens, for \$450,000. Mr. Maxey presented amendments to the law for leasing Indian lands, providing for the submission of such leases to the Secretary of the Interior. A bill was passed to pay P. A. Montgomery, of Memphis, \$4,000 for 1 roperty taken from him and used by the Government during the war. Some discussion concerning the interstate commerce bill toliowed. In the House of Representatives Mr. Herbert introduced a pramble and resolution calling upon the President to give his reasons for appointing Messrs. Kasson and Sanford as delegales to the African conference at Berlin. Representative Collins offered a motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution making the Senate bill to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy laws a special order for Jan. 22. Mr. Henderson, of Iowa, thought that the passage of the Lowell bill might save the country from disaster. Petitions in support of the bill were presented from the business men of St. Louis, New York, and Baltimore. Mr. Willis opposed the measure, saying that its passage would create 5,000 new offices, and would open the door to fraud. Mr. Collins defended the bill acainst the attack of Mr. Willis. His motion to suspend the rules and appoint a day for its consideration was, however, lost. Mr. Keifer moved to suspend the rules and appoint a day for fits consideration was, however, lost. Mr. Keifer moved to suspend the rules and appoint as a lighthouse, and another creating the office of Assistant Chief Signal Officer, to be accompanied with the rank and pay o oill was offered by Mr. Beck to create a revenu

AFTER a long and animated debate, the Oregon Central land forfeiture bill passed the Senate on the 6th inst. A bill to establish international copyright was introduced by Mr. Hawley. Mr. Manderson offered a bill to grant right of way over the Fort Robinson military reservation in Nebraska to the Fremont, Elkhorn and Missouri Valley Railroad, and Mr. Delph presented a memorial from the Board of Trade of Portland, Oregon, asking the establishment of an assay office in that city. In the House, a joint resolution appropriating \$50,000 for the sopport of destitute indians in Montana was passed. The House went into committee of the whole, and took up the pension appropriation bill. Mr. Warner, of Ohio, attacked the pension claim agents, whom he compared unfavorably with pirates. Messrs. Warner and Keifer indulæed in some bitting repartee. An amendment to the bill providing that no agent shall receive any fee for his services until the claim is granted, and that such fee shall be \$10, except in certains pecified cases, was adopted. national copyright was introduced by Mr. Haw-THE House joint resolution appropriating

\$50,000 to relieve the destitute Indians in Montana passed the Senate on the 7th inst. Mr. Plumb presented a petition from the Mr. Plumb presented a petition from the Oklahoma settlers protesting against the cruelty of their removal from their lands in the interest of wealthy and powerful cattle owners, and praying Congress to withdraw the military forces and organize the Territory of Oklahoma into a State. Mr. Morrill called up his resolution declaring that reciprocity treaties with nations of inferior population and resources should be regarded with disfavor, and spoke at length in its support. A long debate on the interstate commerce bill followed, during which Mr. Ingalls made some very caustic remarks to the effect that the upper house was generally suspected very caustic remarks that the upper house was generally of heing controlled by corporations. or being controlled by corporations. The Chair presented a report by the Mississippi River Commission that Capt. Earls had maintained a channel in the South Pass. In the executive session the Nicaragna treaty was reported back from the Committee on Foreign Relations, with session the Nicaragna treaty was reported back from the Committee on Foreign Relations, with the recommendation that it be ratified. The President sent in the following nominations: Sidney L. Willson, of New York, Pension Agent at Weshington, D. C.; Luther S. Howlett, of Oregon, Receiver of Public Moneys at Yakima, Washington Territory; August Duddenhausen, of Idaho, Register of the Land Office at Oxford, Idaho; Allen W. Eaton, of Idaho, Receiver of Public Moneys at Oxford, Idaho; Luke Lea, Attorney of the United States for the Southern District of Mississippi. In the House, of Representatives there was presented from the Secretary of the Navy an estimate of \$2,500,500 for the erection of a gun-foundry and the purchase of steel-works for the manufacture of heavy ordnance. Mr. O'Neill's motion to strike from the interstate commerce bill the section prohibiting railroads from charging more for a short than a long haul was vo'ed down by 90 to 127. An amendment was adopted giving Federal courts power to issue writs of mandamus compelling railroad companies to forward freight. A resolution was adopted asking the Secretary of the Navy to report the cause of the death of Cadet Fraderick S Strang, of Oregon, who is resolution was adopted asking the Secretary of the Navy to report the cause of the death of Cadet Frederick S. Strang, of Oregon, who is alleged to have been fatally injured by hazing at Annapolis. A soley debate on the interstate commerce bill followed. A resolution was offered by Mr. Gibson declaring it the duty of Congress to enable the Government to begin at at once the construction of a navy suitable for A BILL relating to fees of pension claim-

agents, embodying the same provisions as those contained in the pension bill recently passed by the House, was introduced in the Senate on the the House, was introduced in the Senate on the 8th inst. After a long debate it was referred to the Pensions Committee. A resolution was offered requesting the President to communicate to the Senate a historical statement concerning the public policy of the Confederate Government during the late war, which has been recently filed in the War Department by Gen. Sherman. In the House of Representatives a bill was reported by the Committee on Appropriations making additional appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. The House resumed the consideration of the interstate commerce bill, the pending question being on the amendment offered by Mr. Perkins (providing for a commission), providing that the Commissioners shall not be appointed until the 5th of March, 1885. This amendment was agreed to -11 to 12. Mr. Perkins' amendment was agreed to -12 to 12. Mr. Perkins' amendment was agreed to -12 to 12. Mr. Perkins' amendment was agreed to -13 to 12. Mr. Perkins' amendment of the interstate commerce bill a propositute for the appointment of five Commissioners, and defining their duties. Lost—35 to 133. Mr. Hepburn moved to recommit the bill. Lost—yeas 92, nays 132. On the motion to recommit seventeen Democrats and seventy-five Republicans were recorded in the adhrmative and 124 Democrats and eight Republicans in the negative. The Republicans who voted in the negative were Anderson, Bayne, J. M. Campbell, Goff, James, Payson, Weaver and York. The bill then passed—yeas 153, nays 75. "This," said Mr. Reagan when the result was announced, "is a fitting celebration for the 8th day of January." In the Alabama contested-election case resolutions were adopted unseating Shelley (Democrat) and declaring Craig (Republican) elected. 8th inst. After a long debate it was referred to Dominion of Canada \$15,049,361 \$11,526

A Sensitive Man.

"Look here?" called a man, pressing his face against the grates of the city prison and addressing a policeman who stood ontside.

"What was I put in here for, any

"You'll find out when the police court meets."

"Podner, I am a very sensitive man, and the thought that I have committed a crime haunts me. I just tell you what's a fact, I can't stand it. What did I do?"

"Well, if you must know, you got frunk and shot a man "Oh, is that all? I was afraid that I ad insulted some one. Much obliged. Arkansaw Traveler.

A CINCINNATI phrenologist has examined Hark Twain's head and pronounces it real.

A YEAR'S FAILURES.

Tables Showing the Number and Lo cation of Business Troubles of a Twelvements.

The mercantile agency of R. G. Dun t Co. has issued its annual circular of fail-& Co. has issued its annual circular of foures for the year 1884. The compilation statistics shows the number of failures thave occurred throughout the United Stand the Dominion of Canada during past year, together with the amount liabilities. From the circular the follows. excerpts are made, which will be found of interest in business circles:

PAILURES FOR 1884.

Maine,....

New Hampshire 7,955	96	572,072
Vermont.	390	680,707 4,010,797
Massachusetta 43,328	305	4,010,792 6,812,329 8,585,369
Rhode Island 6,330	186	1,484,396
Connecticut, 14,718	169	1,484,396
Total Eastern States. 92,381	1,875	\$17,293,831
New York 85,320	106	10,949,894
Brooklyn 44,860	718	77,875,723
New Jersey 25,172	119	1.019.339
New Jersey 26,172 Pennsylvania 70,730	658	12,340,133
Philadelphia city 23,154	225	558,900
Delaware 8,930 Maryland 15,647	113	2,028,189
Maryland	52	896,862
		**** ***
Total Middle States. 278,003 Virginia 14,085	2,592	\$112,856,050 2,415,254
Virginia. 14,085 West Virginia. 7,006	66	605,560
North Carolina 9,714 South Carolina 6,497	170	905,560 1,441,621 877,965
South Carolina 6,497	102	877,065
Georgia 12,180	233	3,412,571 670 584
Florida 8,388	68	1,458,311
Mississippi 9,043	155	3.001.254
Louisiana 10,085	184	5,408,916 4,365,375 1,149,164
Texas 18,774 Arkansas 7,092	121	1.140.164
Arkansas	219	2,000,205
Tennessee 14,321	238	1,654,861
Total Southern States 142 894	2.201	\$28,318,557
Total Southern States 142,894	2,291	\$28,318,557 9,710,630
Ohio 64,654	552 112	9,710,839
Ohio	552 112 112	9,710,939 2,985,882 5,775,113
Ohio	552 112	9,710,639 2,985,882 5,775,113 6,714,961
Ohio	552 112 112 304 329 308	9,710,639 2,985,882 5,775,113 6,714,961
Ohio 64,654 Cincinnsticity 64,654 Indiana 35,835 Illinois 61,790 Chicago city 32,481 Wisconsin 26,497	552 112 112 304 329 308 170	9,710,639 2,985,882 5,775,113 6,714,961
Ohio 64,654 Cincianati city 64,654 Indiana 35,835 Illinois 61,780 Chicago city 61,780 Michigan 32,481 Wisconsin 26,497 Iowa 29,396	582 112 112 304 329 303 170 412	9,710,039 2,985,882 5,775,113 6,714,961 6,946,986 3,786,041 4,252,470 2,496,653
Ohio 64,654 Cincinnsticity 64,654 Indiana 35,885 Illinois 61,780 Chicago city 32,481 Wisconsin 26,497 Iowa 29,396 Minnesota 18,164	552 112 112 304 329 303 170 412 220 191	9,710,639 2,985,882 5,775,113 5,714,951 6,986,996 3,786,961 4,252,470 2,485,653 4,519,161
Ohio 64,654 Cincinnsti city 35,835 Indiana 35,835 Illinois 61,780 Chicago city 61,780 Michigan 32,481 Wisconsin 26,497 Iowa 29,396 Minnesota 18,164 Missouri 40,922 St. Louis city 40,922	562 112 112 304 329 303 170 412 220 191 85	9,710,639 2,985,882 5,775,113 5,714,951 6,986,996 3,786,961 4,252,470 2,485,653 4,519,161
Ohio 64,654 Cincinnati city 64,654 Indiana 35,835 Illinois 61,780 Chicago city 32,481 Wisconsin 26,497 Iowa 29,366 Minnesota 18,164 Missouri 40,922 St. Louis city 40,822 Kausas 16,837	552 112 112 304 329 303 170 412 220 191 85	9,710,450 2,985,882 5,778,113 6,714,961 6,986,986 3,786,641 4,292,470 2,485,653 4,519,161 997,041 5,849,456 508,874
Ohio 64,654 Cincinnsti city 35,835 Indiana 35,835 Illinois 61,780 Chicago city 61,780 Michigan 32,481 Wisconsin 26,497 Iowa 29,396 Minnesota 18,164 Missouri 40,922 St. Louis city 40,922	562 112 112 304 329 303 170 412 220 191 85	9,710,639 2,985,882 5,775,113 5,714,951 6,986,996 3,786,961 4,252,470 2,485,653 4,519,161
Ohio 64,654 Cincinnati city 64,654 Indiana 35,835 Illinois 61,780 Chicago city 61,780 Michigan 32,481 Wisconsin 26,497 Iowa 29,396 Minnesota 18,164 Missouri 40,922 St. Louis city 40,922 Kausas 16,837 Nebraska 10,344 Total Western States 330,910	552 112 112 304 329 303 170 412 220 191 85	9,710,450 2,985,882 5,778,113 6,714,961 6,986,986 3,786,641 4,292,470 2,485,653 4,519,161 997,041 5,849,456 508,874
Ohio 64,654 Cincinnsti city 55,835 Indians 35,835 Illinots 61,780 Chicago city 32,481 Wisconsin 26,497 Iowa 29,396 Minnesota 18,164 Missouri 40,922 Kausas 16,837 Nebraska 10,344 Total Western States.330,910 Indian Territory 351	582 112 112 304 329 308 170 412 220 191 85 97 220 3,369	9,710,450 2,985,882 5,775,113 6,714,961 6,865,986 4,786,041 4,252,470 2,485,653 4,519,161 997,041 5,849,456 508,854 1,400,596 \$54,872,983
Ohio 64,654 Cincinnsti city 54,654 Indians 35,835 Illinois 61,780 Chicago city 61,780 Michigan 32,481 Wisconsin 26,497 Iowa 29,396 Minnesota 18,164 Missouri 40,922 Ka Louis city 16,837 Nebraska 10,344 Total Western States 330,3910 Indian Territory 361 Oregon 2,642	562 112 112 304 329 303 170 412 220 191 85 97 226	9,710,450 2,985,882 5,775,113 6,714,961 6,946,986 3,786,061 4,222,470 2,485,663 4,519,161 997,041 5,849,456 508,874 1,400,596 \$64,872,983
Ohio 64,654 Cincinnsti city 54,654 Indians 35,835 Illinois 61,780 Chicago city 61,780 Michigan 32,481 Wisconsin 26,497 Iowa 29,396 Minnesota 18,164 Missouri 40,922 Ka Louis city 16,837 Nebraska 10,344 Total Western States 330,3910 Indian Territory 361 Oregon 2,642	582 112 112 304 329 303 170 412 220 191 85 97 226 2,369	9,710,450 2,985,882 5,775,113 6,714,961 0,946,986 3,786,041 4,252,470 2,485,653 4,519,191 997,041 5,849,456 588,854 1,400,798 \$54,872,983
Ohio 64,654 Cincinnsti city 55,835 Indians 35,835 Illinois 61,780 Chicago city 61,780 Michigan 32,481 Wisconsin 26,497 Iowa 29,396 Minnesota 18,164 Missour 40,922 Kansas 16,837 Nebraska 10,344 Total Western States.330,910 Indian Territory 351 Oregon 2,642 Califor is 21,836 San Francisco city 6,911	582 112 112 304 329 303 170 412 220 191 85 97 226 226 363 216 139	9,710,450 2,985,882 5,775,113 6,714,961 6,986,986 3,786,661 4,282,470 2,485,663 4,519,161 997,041 6,849,456 508,874 1,400,596
Ohio	582 112 112 304 329 303 170 412 220 191 185 97 226 226 363 210 139 23	9,710,450 2,985,882 5,775,113 6,714,961 6,946,986 3,786,041 4,262,470 2,485,653 4,619,191 997,041 5,849,456 508,854 1,400,596 \$64,872,983 1,457,500 2,411,400 3,755,500 2,259,386 1,600
Ohio	582 112 112 304 329 303 170 412 220 191 85 97 226 226 363 216 139	9,710,450 2,985,882 5,775,113 6,714,961 6,865,986 3,786,041 4,282,470 2,485,653 4,519,161 997,041 5,849,456 508,854 1,400,596
Ohio 64,654 Cincinnsti city 54,654 Indians 35,835 Illinois 61,780 Chicago city 61,780 Michigan 32,481 Wisconsin 26,497 Iowa 29,396 Minnesota 18,164 Missour 40,922 Kat Louis city 16,837 Nebraska 10,344 Total Western States 330,910 Indian Teritory 351 Oregon 2,642 Califor is 21,836 San Francisco city 6,911 Nevada 1,320 Utah 2,448 New Mexico 1,458 Wyoming 697	582 112 112 304 329 303 303 412 220 191 85 97 226 3,369 23 36 23 36 23 23	9,710,450 2,985,882 5,772,113 6,714,961 6,946,986 3,786,041 4,262,470 2,485,653 4,519,191 997,041 5,849,456 508,654 1,400,596 4,511,400 2,411,400 3,755,500 2,259,386 105,800 201,921 189,806 72,000
Ohio 64,654 Cincinnsti city 54,654 Indians 35,835 Illinois 61,780 Chicago city 32,481 Wisconsin 26,497 Iowa 29,396 Minnesota 18,164 Missouri 40,922 St. Louis city 16,837 Nebraska 10,344 Total Western States.330,910 Indian Territory 351 Oregon 2,642 Califor is 21,836 San Francisco city 21,836 Colorado 6,911 Nevada 1,350 Utah 2,418 New Mexico 1,468 Wyoming 697 Idaho 1,631	582 112 104 329 303 170 412 220 191 85 7 220 363 210 139 23 36 25 28	9,710,450 2,985,882 5,775,113 6,714,961 6,946,986 3,786,041 4,252,470 2,485,653 4,519,191 997,041 5,849,456 1,400,598 \$54,872,983 1,457,500 2,411,400 3,755,500 2,259,386 196,800 201,921 180,808 72,500 74,000
Ohio 64,654 Cincinnsti city 55,835 Indians 35,835 Illinois 61,780 Chicago city 61,780 Michigan 32,481 Wisconsin 26,497 Iows 29,396 Minnesota 18,164 Missouri 40,922 Kausas 16,837 Nebraska 10,344 Total Western States.330,910 Indian Territory 351 Oregon 2,642 Califor is 21,836 Colorado 6,911 Nevada 1,320 Utah 2,418 New Mexico 1,468 Wyoming 697 Idaho 1,581 Dakota 9,370	582 112 112 304 329 303 303 412 220 191 85 97 226 3,369 23 36 23 36 23 23	9,710,450 2,985,882 5,775,113 6,714,961 6,865,986 3,786,041 4,252,470 2,445,653 4,519,161 997,041 5,849,456 508,854 1,400,596 2,411,400 2,411,400 201,921 186,808 72,900 74,000 729,642
Ohio 64,654 Cincinnsti city 54,654 Indians 35,835 Illinois 61,780 Chicago city 32,481 Wisconsin 26,497 Iowa 29,396 Minnesota 18,164 Missouri 40,922 St. Louis city 40,922 Kausas 16,837 Nebraska 10,344 Total Western States.330,910 Indian Territory 351 Oregon 2,642 Califor is 21,836 San Francisco city 21,836 Colorado 6,911 Nevada 1,320 Utah 2,418 New Mexico 1,468 Wyoming 697 Idaho 1,511 Datota 9,370 Montana 2,204 Washington 2,604	582 112 112 304 329 303 170 412 220 191 85 7 220 363 210 139 236 25 2 8 117 306 143	9,710,450 2,985,882 5,772,113 6,714,961 6,946,986 3,786,041 4,252,470 2,486,653 4,619,191 997,041 5,849,456 1,400,596 1,400,596 1,457,500 2,411,400 3,755,500 2,259,386 196,800 201,921 180,808 72,500 74,000 722,642 358,640 841,200
Ohio 64,654 Cincinnsti city 54,654 Indiana 35,835 Illinois 61,780 Chicago city 61,780 Michigan 32,481 Wisconsin 26,497 Iowa 29,396 Minnesota 18,164 Missour 40,922 Kalisas 16,837 Nebraska 10,344 Total Western States 330,910 1ndian Territory 351 Oregon 2,642 Califor is 21,836 San Francisco city 6,911 Nevada 1,320 Utah 2,448 New Mexico 1,458 Wyomine 697 Idaho 1,531 Datota 9,370 Montana 2,294	582 112 112 304 329 303 612 220 191 85 97 226 353 210 139 23 36 23 24 25 27 27 28 29 363 213 363 213 363 213 363 213 363 213 363 213 213 213 213 213 213 213 213 213 21	9,710,4530 2,985,882 5,772,113 5,714,961 6,946,986 3,786,041 4,262,470 2,485,653 4,519,191 997,041 5,849,456 508,874 1,400,596 \$64,872,983 1,457,500 2,411,400 3,755,500 201,921 189,866 72,500 74,000 729,642 388,640

An instructive comparison is given as be-tween 1884 and 1883, and 1878, in the following table, which gives a condensed showing of the geographical distribution of the commercial casualties of these years: DISTOURTED AND PERCENTAGE

STATES.	Number in business.	Number of failures.
1684—		
Easte n tates	92,881	1,375
Middle States	278,093	2,592
Fouthern States	142,894	2,291
Western States	336,910	3,369
I acide tates and Territories	51,481	1,341
Total for the United States	901,750	10,968
Domin'on of Canada	65,994	1,327
1878— Eastern States	20 765	1 784
Middle States	79,765 229,385 96,297	1,784
Southern states	96 997	7 415
Wostown States	240,933	3,436
Western States	28,361	094
Total for the United States	674,741	10,478
Dominion of Canada	56,847	1,697
1-83-	00,021	4,00
Eastern States	90,381	1,197
Middle States	262,021	2,136
Southern States	135,159	1 844
Southern States	322,877	2,961
Pacific States and Territories	53,606	1,040
Total for the United States	863,993	9,184
Dominion of Canada	65,452	1,084
STATES.	Amount of liabilities	Aver'ge
	nsomuces	bilities.
1844—		
Eastern States	\$17,223,83	\$12,526
Eastern States	\$17,223,83 112,856,06	\$12,526 0 43,540
Eastern States Middle States Southern States	\$17,223,83 112,856,06 28,318,55	\$12,526 0 43,540
Eastern States	\$17,223,83 112,856,06 28,318,55 54,872,08	\$12,526 0 43,540 7 12,361
Eastern States Middle States Southern States	\$17,223,83 112,856,06 28,318,55	\$12,526 0 48,540 7 12,361
Eastern States	\$17,223,83 112,856,06 28,318,55 54,872,08 18,071,99	\$12,526 6 43,546 7 12,361 8 16,211 6 9,74
Eastern States	\$17,223,83 112,856,06 28,318,55 54,872,08 18,071,99	\$12,526 0 43,546 7 12,367 3 16,213 6 9,748 7 \$20,632
Eastern States	\$17,223,83 112,856,06 28,318,55 54,872,08 18,071,99 \$226,348,42	\$12,520 0 48,540 7 12,36 8 16,21 6 9,742 7 \$20,633
Eastern States	\$17,223,83 112,856,66 28,318,55 54,872,08 18,071,99 \$226,343,42 \$19,191,30 \$35,294,02	1 \$12,520 0 48,540 7 12,36 3 16,21 6 9,742 7 \$20,632 6 \$14,462
Eastern States	\$17,223,63 112,856,06 28,318,55 54,872,08 13,071,99 \$226,343,42 \$19,191,30 \$35,294,92 95,233,46 26,322,96	1 \$12,526 0 43,546 7 12,361 3 16,211 6 9,742 7 \$20,632 6 \$14,462 6 \$20,356 6 29,758
Eastern States	\$17,223,63 112,856,06 28,318,55 54,872,08 13,071,99 \$226,343,42 \$19,191,30 \$35,294,92 95,233,46 26,322,96	1 \$12,526 0 43,546 7 12,361 3 16,211 6 9,742 7 \$20,632 6 \$14,462 6 \$20,356 6 29,758
Eastern States	\$17,223,83 112,856,66 28,318,55 54,872,08 18,071,99 \$226,343,42 \$19,191,30 \$35,294,02	1 \$12,526 0 43,546 7 12,361 3 16,211 6 9,742 6 \$14,462 6 \$20,354 6 \$20,354 6 29,758
Eastern States. Middle States. Southern States. Western States. PacificStates and Territories Total for the United States Dominion of Canada	\$17,223,83 112,866,66 28,318,55 54,872,68 18,071,99 \$226,343,42 \$19,191,30 \$35,294,92 95,233,46 26,322,96 64,309,50 13,463,17	1 \$12,526 0 43,546 7 12,361 16,211 6 9,742 7 \$20,632 6 \$14,462 6 \$20,356 6 \$20,356 1 18,607 3 18,716 6 18,967
Eastern States. Middle States. Southern States. Western States. PacificStates and Territories Total for the United States Dominion of Canada	\$17,223,63 112,856,06 28,318,55 54,872,08 13,071,99 \$226,343,42 \$19,191,30 \$35,294,92 95,223,46 26,322,95 64,309,50 13,463,17 \$234,383,18	\$12,526 0 43,540 7 12,361 3 16,211 6 9,744 7 \$20,632 6 \$14,465 6 29,786 1 18,602 3 18,716 6 18,967
Eastern States. Middle States. Southern States. Western States. PacificStates and Territories Total for the United States Dominion of Canada	\$17,223,83 112,856,06 28,318,55 54,872,08 13,071,99 \$226,343,42 \$19,191,30 \$35,294,92 95,233,46 26,322,96 64,309,30 13,465,17 \$234,383,18	1 \$12,520 0 43,540 7 12,361 16,211 6 9,742 7 \$20,632 6 \$14,462 6 \$20,354 6 29,788 18,062 1 18,062 2 \$22,380 7 \$14,085
Eastern States. Middle States. Southern States. Western States. PacificStates andTerritories Total for the United States Dominion of Canada	\$17,223,63 112,856,06 28,318,55 54,872,08 13,071,99 \$226,343,42 \$19,191,30 \$35,294,92 95,233,46 26,332,96 64,309,50 13,465,17 \$234,383,18	1 \$12,526 0 43,540 7 12,361 16,211 6 9,742 7 \$20,632 6 \$14,463 6 29,788 1 18,603 1 18,716 6 18,967 7 \$14,088
Eastern States. Middle States. Southern States. Western States. PacificStates and Territories Total for the United States Dominion of Canada	\$17,223,83 112,856,66 28,318,55 54,872,08 118,071,99 \$220,343,42 \$19,191,30 \$35,294,92 95,233,46 26,322,96 64,309,50 13,465,17 \$234,383,18 \$23,908,67 \$37,861,89 57,108,63	\$12,526 0 43,546 7 12,361 16,212 6 9,748 7 \$20,632 6 \$14,462 6 \$20,356 6 \$20,356 1 18,600 1 18,967 2 \$22,360 7 \$14,085 7 \$31,637 4 96,738
Eastern States. Middle States. Southern States. Western States. PacificStates and Territories Total for the United States Dominion of Canada	\$17,223,83 112,856,06 28,318,55 54,872,08 13,071,99 \$226,343,42 \$19,191,30 \$35,294,92 95,233,46 26,322,96 64,309,50 13,463,17 \$234,383,18 \$23,908,67 \$37,861,80 57,198,53 19,788,66	1 \$12,520 0 43,540 1 16,211 6 9,742 7 \$20,633 6 \$14,403 6 \$20,354 6 20,758 1 18,007 1 18,007 2 \$22,360 7 \$14,083
Eastern States Middle States Southern States Western States PacificStates and Territories Total for the United States Dominion of Canada 1878— Eastern States Southern States Western States PacificStates and Territories Total for the United States Dominion of Canada 1883— Eastern States Middle States Middle States Middle States Middle States	\$17,223,83 112,856,06 28,318,55 54,872,08 13,071,99 \$226,343,42 \$19,191,30 \$35,294,92 95,233,46 26,322,96 64,309,50 13,463,17 \$234,383,18 \$23,908,67 \$37,861,80 57,198,53 19,788,66	1 \$12,520 0 43,540 7 12,361 6 9,744 7 \$20,632 6 \$14,462 6 \$29,786 1 18,602 7 \$14,088 7 \$14,088 7 \$31,632 1 10,738 9 15,833
Eastern States. Middle States. Southern States. Western States. PacificStates and Territories Total for the United States Dominion of Canada	\$17,223,83 112,856,06 28,318,55 54,872,08 13,071,99 \$226,343,42 \$19,191,30 \$35,294,92 95,233,46 26,322,96 64,309,50 13,463,17 \$234,383,18 \$23,908,67 \$37,861,89 57,198,53 19,788,60 46,878,46 11,289,73	1 \$12,520 0 43,540 1 16,211 6 9,744 7 \$20,630 6 \$14,400 6 \$20,354 6 220,354 6 18,967 1 18,714 6 18,967 2 \$22,300 7 \$14,080 7 \$14,080 1 15,714

The record of failures extending over twenty-eight years is grouped together in the statistics from 1857 to 1884, inclusive. They are interesting in that they convey an idea of the relative losses by bad debts in the various years. They are as follows: PAILURES FOR 28 VEADS

31	FALLE	FALLUCIES FOR EO IBARS.			
	Year.	Failures.	Amount o		
1	1857	4,932	\$291,750,00		
я	1919	4,225	95,949,00		
И			64,394,00		
я			79,807,00		
1			100 CO 10		
8		6,993	207,210,00		
4		1,652	23,049,00		
1		495	7,899,90		
1		520	8,579,00		
1	1865		17,625,00		
1		1,505	43,783,00		
9		2,780	96,666,00		
1	1808		64,694,00		
d		2,799	75,054,00		
И	1870		88,242.00		
1	1871	2,915	85,252,00		
4	1872	4,069	121,056,60		
1	1873	8,183	228,400,90		
1	1874	5,880	155, 239,00		
1	1875		201,000,00		
1		9,002	191,117,00		
1		8,H72	190,669,9		
п			204,383,13		
1		6,688	98,149,05		
1		4,735	65,752.00		
ı		8,582	81, 155,90		
ı		6,738			
ı			101,547,56		
п	1000	9,184	172,874,17		

THERE may be hard times in Massachusetts, but we observe that the deposits in the savings banks of the State were in-creased during 1884 by a round \$10,000,000, mostly in small sums from the working

Ax Indiana couple waited until the ages of 70 and 64 before making up their minds to wed; but, having come to that conclusion, they were so impatient that they rode thirty miles in a snowstorm to get to a clergyman.

BENJAMIN F. BUTLER denies the ent that he is about to write a bool